



March 20, 2020

Biomonitoring Testing  
for  
Outfall 002A  
Heber Springs, AR

Control No. 243380-1

Prepared for:

Mr. Paul Graham  
Heber Springs Water & Sewer  
1108 West Front Street  
Heber Springs, AR 72543

Prepared by:

AMERICAN INTERPLEX CORPORATION  
8600 Kanis Road  
Little Rock, AR 72204-2322



Heber Springs Water & Sewer  
ATTN: Mr. Paul Graham  
1108 West Front Street  
Heber Springs, AR 72543

Re: Chronic *Pimephales promelas* (Fathead minnow) and *Ceriodaphnia dubia*  
Outfall 002A - Heber Springs, AR  
NPDES Permit No. NPDES Permit AR0022381 AFIN 12-00029

Dear Mr. Paul Graham:

This report is the analytical results and supporting information for the samples submitted to American Interplex Corporation (AIC). The following results are applicable only to the sample identified by the control number referenced above. Accurate assessment of the data requires access to the entire document. Each section of the report has been reviewed and approved by the Chief Operating Officer or qualified designee.

Testing procedures and Quality Assurance were in accordance with "Short Term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater Organisms" EPA-821-R-02-013, Fourth Edition, October 2002. Test results are summarized below:

Method 1000.0 Chronic *Pimephales promelas* (Fathead minnow) Survival and Growth Test: The No Observable Effects Concentration (NOEC) for survival occurred at 10 % effluent, which is above the critical dilution of 8 %. The NOEC for growth occurred at 10 % effluent, which is above the critical dilution of 8 %. **The sample, therefore, PASSED both lethal and sub-lethal effects for the Fathead minnow test.**

Method 1002.0 Chronic *Ceriodaphnia dubia* Survival and Reproduction Test: The No Observable Effects Concentration (NOEC) for survival occurred at 10 % effluent, which is above the critical dilution of 8 %. The NOEC for reproduction occurred at 10 % effluent, which is above the critical dilution of 8 %. **The sample, therefore, PASSED both lethal and sub-lethal effects for the *Ceriodaphnia dubia* test.**

AMERICAN INTERPLEX CORPORATION

John Overbey  
Chief Operating Officer

A handwritten signature in black ink is written over a horizontal line. Below the signature, the name 'John Overbey' and title 'Chief Operating Officer' are printed.

PDF cc: Heber Springs Water & Sewer  
ATTN: Mr. Paul Graham  
paul@heberspringswater.com

Heber Springs Water & Sewer  
ATTN: Ms. Nora Mullabay  
nora@heberspringswater.com

Table of Contents

- I. Control Acceptance Criteria
- II. Outlined Report
- III. Data Analysis
- IV. Standard Reference Toxicants
- V. Organism History
- VI. Results Summary
  - Pimephales promelas* (Fathead minnow)
  - Ceriodaphnia dubia*
- Appendix A: Raw Data
  - A1: Test 1000.0
    - Pimephales promelas* (Fathead minnow) Survival and Growth
    - Test 1002.0
      - Ceriodaphnia dubia* Survival and Reproduction
  - A2: Statistics
  - A3: Reference Toxicant
- Appendix B: Summary Forms

I. Control Acceptance Criteria

*Pimephales promelas* (Fathead minnow) Method 1000.0

CRITERIA	RESULTS	PASS/FAIL
Control Survival > or = 80%	95	PASS
Control Growth > or = 0.25 mg per Surviving minnow	0.41	PASS
Control Growth CV < or = 40%	17	PASS
Growth Minimum Significant Difference 12 to 30%	18	PASS
Critical Dilution CV < or = 40%	14	PASS

*Ceriodaphnia dubia* Method 1002.0

CRITERIA	RESULTS	PASS/FAIL
Control Survival > or = 80%	100	PASS
Control Reproduction > or = 15 per Surviving Female	19	PASS
Control CV < or = 40% per Surviving Female	26	PASS
Reproduction Minimum Significant Difference 13 to 47%	36	PASS
Critical Dilution CV < or = 40%	14	PASS

II. Outlined Report

A. Introduction

1. Permit Number: NPDES Permit AR0022381 AFIN 12-00029
2. Test Requirements: Chronic Biomonitoring, Quarterly  
Test Methods 1000.0 and 1002.0

B. Source of Effluent/Dilution Water:

1. Effluent Samples:
  - a. Sampling Point: Outfall 002A
  - b. Chemical Data:

Analysis	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Dissolved oxygen (mg/l)	8.5	8.0	7.4
pH (standard units)	7.0	7.3	7.3
Alkalinity (mg/l as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	41	44	42
Hardness (mg/l as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	27	28	29
Conductivity (umhos/cm)	180	180	200
Residual Chlorine (mg/l)	0.050	0.060	<0.05
Ammonia as N (mg/l)	6.3	6.3	6.9

2. Dilution Water Samples:  
Soft

Analysis	242962-1
Dissolved oxygen (mg/l)	7.4
pH (standard units)	7.6
Alkalinity (mg/l as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	31
Hardness (mg/l as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	41
Conductivity (umhos/cm)	160
Residual Chlorine (mg/l)	<0.05

### C. Test Methods

#### 1. Test methods used:

Short Term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater Organisms, EPA-821-R-02-013; test Methods 1000.0 and 1002.0, Fathead Minnow Survival and Growth and *Ceriodaphnia dubia* Survival and Reproduction.

#### 2. Endpoint: No Observable Effects Concentration (NOEC)

#### 3. Test Conditions:

##### *Pimephales promelas* (Fathead minnow) Survival and Growth Method 1000.0

Date & Time Test Initiated: March 10, 2020 at 1400  
Date & Time Test Terminated: March 17, 2020 at 1430  
Type & Volume of Test Chamber: 500 ml disposable beaker  
Volume of Sample: 250 ml  
Number of Organisms per replicate: 8  
Number of Replicates per dilution: 5

##### *Ceriodaphnia dubia* Survival and Reproduction Method 1002.0

Date & Time Test Initiated: March 10, 2020 at 1335  
Date & Time Test Terminated: March 17, 2020 at 1532  
Type & Volume of Test Chamber: 30 ml disposable beaker  
Volume of Sample: 15 ml  
Number of Organisms per replicate: 1  
Number of Replicates per dilution: 10

#### 4. Source of test organisms: Obtained from in-house cultures

#### 5. Test Temperature: 25 +/- 1 degree Celsius

### D. Test Organisms

#### 1. Scientific Name

- a. Test 1000.0 *Pimephales promelas*
- b. Test 1002.0 *Ceriodaphnia dubia*

### III. Data Analysis

The data was analyzed using American Interplex Corporation's Laboratory Information Management Software based on Toxstat and following EPA method criteria.

*Pimephales promelas* (Fathead minnow) survival data was transformed using the Arc Sine transformation. Normality and homogeneity of variance were checked using Shapiro-Wilk's and Bartlett's test. The survival data was then analyzed using Steel's Many-One Rank Test to determine the No Observable Effects Concentration (NOEC).

Fathead minnow growth data was analyzed for normality and homogeneity of variance using Shapiro-Wilk's and Bartlett's test. Dunnett's Test was used to determine the No Observable Effects Concentration (NOEC) for growth.

*Ceriodaphnia dubia* survival data was analyzed with Fisher's Exact Test. Reproduction data was analyzed using Kolmogorov's Test for Normality and analyzed with Steel's Many-One Rank Test to determine the No Observable Effects Concentration (NOEC) for Reproduction. Dunnett's Test was used to calculate the PMSD.

#### IV. Standard Reference Toxicants

The sensitivity of the offspring is determined by performing a standard reference toxicant test monthly. Sodium chloride in synthetic moderately hard water is used as prescribed in EPA-821-R-02-013.

##### *Pimephales promelas* (Fathead minnow)

A chronic reference test was performed on February 18, 2020 at 1310 to February 25, 2020 at 1421

The results were as follows: (Control No. 242720-1.)

Survival LC-50: 4034 mg/l

Growth IC-25: 2477 mg/l

Growth PMSD: 6.56

##### *Ceriodaphnia dubia*

A chronic reference test was performed on February 25, 2020 at 1555 to March 03, 2020 at 1530

The results were as follows: (Control No. 242720-2.)

Survival LC-50: 1673.1 mg/l

Reproduction IC-25: 937.5 mg/l

Reproduction PMSD: 10.8

#### V. Organism History

##### *Pimephales promelas* (Fathead minnow)

Date: March 10, 2020

Age: <24 hours

Source: In-house culture

Water: Moderately hard synthetic

Temperature: 25 deg.C

##### *Ceriodaphnia dubia*

Date: March 10, 2020

Age: <24 hours

Source: In-house culture

Water: Moderately hard synthetic

Temperature: 25 deg.C

VII. Results Summary *Pimephales promelas*, Fathead minnow Larval Survival and Growth Test -- Method 1000.0

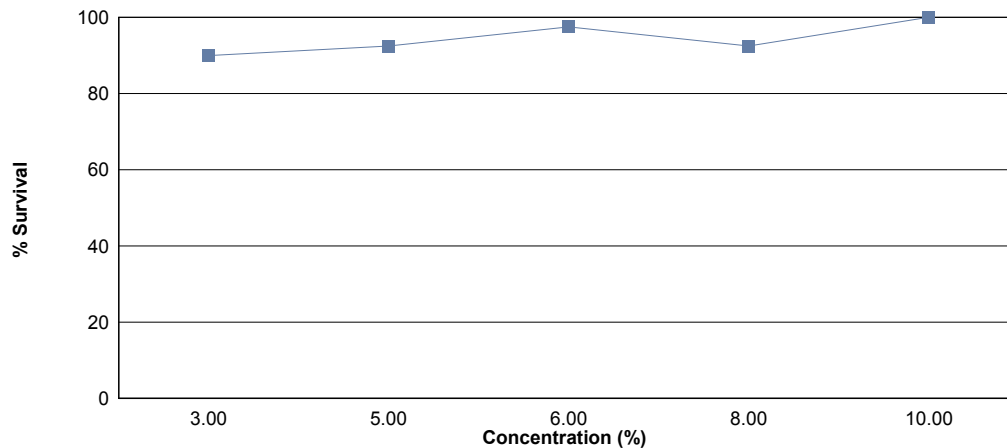
Larvae are exposed in a static renewal system for seven days to different concentrations of effluent with dilution water. Test results are based on the survival and growth (weight) of the larvae.

Effluent dilutions for this test were 3 %, 5 %, 6 %, 8 %, 10 % in accordance with the NPDES permit.

The low flow or 'critical' dilution is specified in the NPDES permit as 8 % effluent.

The test was initiated on March 10, 2020 at 1400 and continued through March 17, 2020 at 1430. Statistical analyses were performed on the observed data and the no observable effects concentrations (NOECs) were as follows:

- a.) NOEC survival = 10 % effluent
- b.) NOEC growth = 10 % effluent



Summary of the 7-day Fathead Minnow Survival and Growth		
Concentration	Percent Survival	Mean Growth (mg)
Control	95.0	0.386
3 %	90.0	0.378
5 %	92.5	0.391
6 %	97.5	0.347
8 %	92.5	0.395
10 %	100	0.435

VII. Results Summary *Ceriodaphnia dubia*, Cladoceran Survival and Reproduction Test -- Method 1002.0

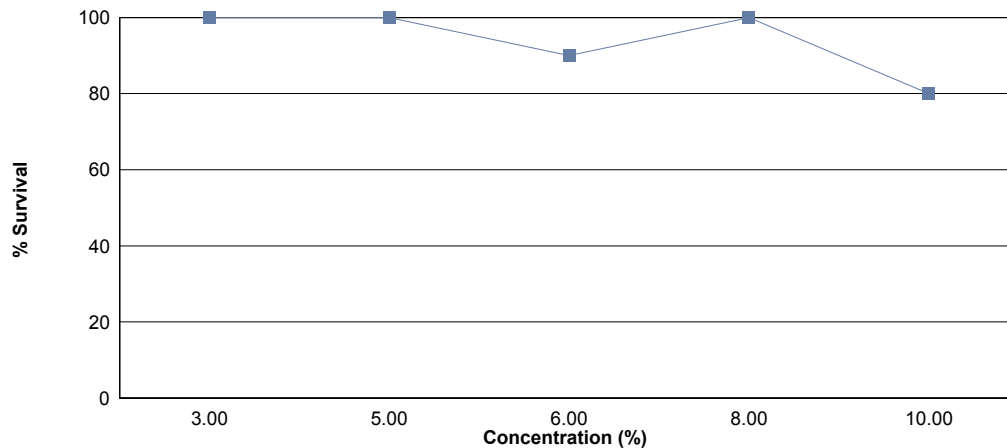
Neonates are exposed in a static renewal system to different concentrations of effluent with dilution water until 60% of surviving control organisms have three broods of offspring or a maximum of eight test days.

Effluent dilutions for this test were 3 %, 5 %, 6 %, 8 %, 10 % in accordance with the NPDES permit.

The low flow or 'critical' dilution is specified in the NPDES permit as 8 % effluent.

The test was initiated on March 10, 2020 at 1335 and continued through March 17, 2020 at 1532. Statistical analyses were performed on the observed data and the no observable effects concentrations (NOECs) were as follows:

- a.) NOEC survival = 10 % effluent
- b.) NOEC reproduction = 10 % effluent



Summary of the 7-day <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> Survival and Reproduction Data		
Concentration	Percent Survival	Mean Reproduction
Control	100	19.2
3 %	100	22.7
5 %	100	25.9
6 %	90.0	22.4
8 %	100	27.8
10 %	80.0	20.7



## Appendix A1: Test 1000.0

*Pimephales promelas* (Fathead Minnow) 7-Day Survival

Date and Time Test Initiated: March 10, 2020 at 1400

Date and Time Test Terminated: March 17, 2020 at 1430

Concentration	Replicate	Number of Survivors						
		Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5	Day 6	Day 7
Control	A	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	B	8	8	8	8	7	7	7
	C	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	D	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	E	8	8	8	7	7	7	7
3 %	A	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	B	8	8	8	8	8	7	7
	C	8	8	8	8	8	6	6
	D	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	E	8	8	8	8	7	7	7
5 %	A	8	8	8	8	7	7	7
	B	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	C	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	D	8	8	8	8	7	6	6
	E	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
6 %	A	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	B	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	C	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	D	8	8	8	8	8	7	7
	E	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
8 %	A	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	B	8	8	8	8	8	7	7
	C	8	8	8	8	8	8	7
	D	8	8	8	8	7	7	7
	E	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
10 %	A	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	B	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	C	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	D	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	E	8	8	8	8	8	8	8

Appendix A1: Test 1000.0

*Pimephales promelas* (Fathead Minnow) 7-Day Growth

Test Initiated: March 10, 2020 at 1400

Test Terminated: March 17, 2020 at 1430

Concentration	Replicate	Weight of pan	Weight of pan + fish	Total weight of fish (g)	Original # of fish	Mean dry weight (mg)
Control	A	1.06836	1.07197	0.00361	8	0.451
	B	1.07241	1.07510	0.00269	8	0.336
	C	1.05818	1.06112	0.00294	8	0.368
	D	1.06854	1.07221	0.00367	8	0.459
	E	1.06678	1.06930	0.00252	8	0.315
3 %	A	1.08185	1.08500	0.00315	8	0.394
	B	1.06243	1.06518	0.00275	8	0.344
	C	1.07211	1.07466	0.00255	8	0.319
	D	1.07734	1.08083	0.00349	8	0.436
	E	1.05196	1.05512	0.00316	8	0.395
5 %	A	1.06467	1.06761	0.00294	8	0.368
	B	1.06313	1.06605	0.00292	8	0.365
	C	1.06466	1.06818	0.00352	8	0.440
	D	1.07043	1.07331	0.00288	8	0.360
	E	1.06130	1.06466	0.00336	8	0.420
6 %	A	1.07209	1.07514	0.00305	8	0.381
	B	1.06596	1.06859	0.00263	8	0.329
	C	1.06579	1.06856	0.00277	8	0.346
	D	1.05394	1.05635	0.00241	8	0.301
	E	1.06747	1.07048	0.00301	8	0.376
8 %	A	1.05952	1.06321	0.00369	8	0.461
	B	1.06837	1.07159	0.00322	8	0.402
	C	1.07035	1.07321	0.00286	8	0.358
	D	1.06484	1.06740	0.00256	8	0.320
	E	1.05829	1.06177	0.00348	8	0.435
10 %	A	1.08018	1.08361	0.00343	8	0.429
	B	1.07650	1.07999	0.00349	8	0.436
	C	1.06413	1.06729	0.00316	8	0.395
	D	1.07284	1.07643	0.00359	8	0.449
	E	1.05590	1.05963	0.00373	8	0.466

Appendix A1: Test 1002.0

*Ceriodaphnia dubia* Survival and Reproduction

Date and Time Test Initiated: March 10, 2020 at 1335

Date and Time Test Terminated: March 17, 2020 at 1532

Concentration: Control														
Day	Replicate										No. of Young	No. of Adults	Young per Adult	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10				
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0.00
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0.00
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0.00
4	3	2	2	2	4	0	5	3	4	2	27	10	2.70	
5	5	5	4	7	8	5	7	11	7	7	66	10	6.60	
6	0	0	0	5	11	8	11	12	0	13	60	10	6.00	
7	11	6	9	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	39	10	3.90	
8														
TOTAL	19	13	15	14	23	13	23	26	24	22	192	10	19.2	

Concentration: 3 %														
Day	Replicate										No. of Young	No. of Adults	Young per Adult	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10				
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0.00	
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0.00	
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0.00	
4	5	4	4	2	4	3	4	3	0	2	31	10	3.10	
5	8	11	9	8	8	7	8	7	0	7	73	10	7.30	
6	0	14	0	11	8	12	0	9	8	11	73	10	7.30	
7	11	0	13	0	0	0	12	0	14	0	50	10	5.00	
8														
TOTAL	24	29	26	21	20	22	24	19	22	20	227	10	22.7	

Concentration: 5 %														
Day	Replicate										No. of Young	No. of Adults	Young per Adult	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10				
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0.00	
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0.00	
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0.00	
4	2	5	4	3	4	4	4	3	4	2	35	10	3.50	
5	7	9	8	0	9	7	9	11	11	6	77	10	7.70	
6	0	14	0	13	14	15	12	14	0	11	93	10	9.30	
7	13	0	14	14	0	0	0	0	13	0	54	10	5.40	
8														
TOTAL	22	28	26	30	27	26	25	28	28	19	259	10	25.9	

Appendix A1: Test 1002.0

*Ceriodaphnia dubia* Survival and Reproduction

Date and Time Test Initiated: March 10, 2020 at 1335

Date and Time Test Terminated: March 17, 2020 at 1532

Concentration: 6 %														
Day	Replicate										No. of Young	No. of Adults	Young per Adult	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10				
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0.00
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0.00
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	X	0	9	0.00
4	5	2	4	4	2	3	4	4	4	4	X	32	9	3.56
5	10	6	10	11	10	11	10	9	9	X	86	9	9.56	
6	0	0	0	11	13	14	0	15	0	X	53	9	5.89	
7	13	13	12	0	0	0	14	0	1	X	53	9	5.89	
8														
TOTAL	28	21	26	26	25	28	28	28	14	0	224	10	22.4	

Concentration: 8 %														
Day	Replicate										No. of Young	No. of Adults	Young per Adult	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10				
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0.00
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0.00
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0.00
4	5	4	4	4	5	6	5	4	5	2	44	10	4.40	
5	10	10	8	10	11	10	8	10	13	6	96	10	9.60	
6	0	15	0	14	14	14	12	14	0	11	94	10	9.40	
7	16	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	14	0	44	10	4.40	
8														
TOTAL	31	29	26	28	30	30	25	28	32	19	278	10	27.8	

Concentration: 10 %													
Day	Replicate										No. of Young	No. of Adults	Young per Adult
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10			
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0.00
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	X	0	0	9	0.00
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	X	0	0	9	0.00
4	5	4	5	4	4	4	X	4	X	4	34	8	4.25
5	9	11	9	9	10	12	X	8	X	7	75	8	9.38
6	0	14	0	11	12	11	X	12	X	12	72	8	9.00
7	14	0	12	0	0	0	X	0	X	0	26	8	3.25
8													
TOTAL	28	29	26	24	26	27	0	24	0	23	207	10	20.7

Appendix A2: Statistics

*Pimephales promelas* (Fathead minnow) Survival

Transformation of Data				Transform: Arc Sin(Square Root(Y))
Group	Identification	Rep	Value	Transformed
1	Control	1	1.00000	1.39310
1	Control	2	0.87500	1.20940
1	Control	3	1.00000	1.39310
1	Control	4	1.00000	1.39310
1	Control	5	0.87500	1.20940
2	3 %	1	1.00000	1.39310
2	3 %	2	0.87500	1.20940
2	3 %	3	0.75000	1.04720
2	3 %	4	1.00000	1.39310
2	3 %	5	0.87500	1.20940
3	5 %	1	0.87500	1.20940
3	5 %	2	1.00000	1.39310
3	5 %	3	1.00000	1.39310
3	5 %	4	0.75000	1.04720
3	5 %	5	1.00000	1.39310
4	6 %	1	1.00000	1.39310
4	6 %	2	1.00000	1.39310
4	6 %	3	1.00000	1.39310
4	6 %	4	0.87500	1.20940
4	6 %	5	1.00000	1.39310
5	8 %	1	1.00000	1.39310
5	8 %	2	0.87500	1.20940
5	8 %	3	0.87500	1.20940
5	8 %	4	0.87500	1.20940
5	8 %	5	1.00000	1.39310
6	10 %	1	1.00000	1.39310
6	10 %	2	1.00000	1.39310
6	10 %	3	1.00000	1.39310
6	10 %	4	1.00000	1.39310
6	10 %	5	1.00000	1.39310

Appendix A2: Statistics

*Pimephales promelas* (Fathead minnow) Survival

Shapiro - Wilk's Test for Normality		Transform: Arc Sin(Square Root(Y))
<p>D = 0.2907 W = 0.9458 Critical W = 0.9 (alpha = 0.01, N = 30) Critical W = 0.927 (alpha = 0.05, N = 30)</p> <p>Data PASS normality test (alpha = 0.01).</p>		

Bartlett's Test for Homogeneity of Variance		Transform: Arc Sin(Square Root(Y))
<p>Test can not be performed because at least one group has zero variance. Data FAIL to meet homogeneity of variance assumption.</p>		

Steel's Many-One Rank Test				Transform: Arc Sin(Square Root(Y))	
Ho:Control<Treatment					
Group	Identification	Rank Sum	Critical Value	DF	Sig 0.05
1	Control				
2	3 %	24.00	16.00	5.00	
3	5 %	26.50	16.00	5.00	
4	6 %	30.00	16.00	5.00	
5	8 %	25.00	16.00	5.00	
6	10 %	32.50	16.00	5.00	
Critical values are 1 tailed (k=5)					

Appendix A2: Statistics

*Pimephales promelas* (Fathead minnow) Growth

Shapiro - Wilk's Test for Normality	No Transformation
<p>D = 0.0516 W = 0.9658 Critical W = 0.9 (alpha = 0.01, N = 30) Critical W = 0.927 (alpha = 0.05, N = 30)</p> <p>Data PASS normality test (alpha = 0.01).</p>	

Bartlett's Test for Homogeneity of Variance	No Transformation
<p>Calculated B1 statistic = 4.148 Critical B = 15.086 (alpha = 0.01, df = 5)</p> <p>Data PASS B1 homogeneity test at 0.01 level.</p>	

Appendix A2: Statistics

*Pimephales promelas* (Fathead minnow) Growth

ANOVA Table				No Transformation	
SOURCE	DF	SS	MS	F	
Between	5	0.02047	0.004093	1.904	
Within (Error)	24	0.0516	0.00215		
Total	29	0.07207			
Critical F = 3.9 (alpha = 0.01, df = 5,24) 2.62 (alpha = 0.05, df = 5,24)					
Since F < Critical F FAIL TO REJECT Ho: All equal (alpha = 0.05)					

Dunnett's Test - Table 1 of 2					No Transformation	
Ho:Control<Treatment						
Group	Identification	Transformed Mean	Mean In Original Units	T Stat	Sig 0.05	
1	Control	0.3858	0.3858			
2	3 %	0.3776	0.3776	0.2796		
3	5 %	0.3906	0.3906	-0.1637		
4	6 %	0.3466	0.3466	1.337		
5	8 %	0.3952	0.3952	-0.3205		
6	10 %	0.435	0.435	-1.678		
Dunnett's critical value = 2.36 (1 Tailed, alpha = 0.05, df = 5,24)						

Dunnett's Test - Table 2 of 2						No Transformation	
Ho:Control<Treatment							
Group	Identification	Num of Reps	Min Sig Diff (In Orig. Units)	% of Control	Difference From Control		
1	Control	5					
2	3 %	5	0.06921	17.9	0.0082		
3	5 %	5	0.06921	17.9	-0.0048		
4	6 %	5	0.06921	17.9	0.0392		
5	8 %	5	0.06921	17.9	-0.0094		
6	10 %	5	0.06921	17.9	-0.0492		



Appendix A2: Statistics

*Ceriodaphnia dubia* Survival

Fisher's Exact Test			
Identification	Alive	Dead	Total Animals
Control	10	0	10
3 %	10	0	10
Total	20	0	20

Critical Fisher's value (10,10,10) (alpha=0.05) is 6. b value is 10. Since b is greater than 6 there is NO SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE between CONTROL and TREATMENT at the 0.05 level.

Fisher's Exact Test			
Identification	Alive	Dead	Total Animals
Control	10	0	10
5 %	10	0	10
Total	20	0	20

Critical Fisher's value (10,10,10) (alpha=0.05) is 6. b value is 10. Since b is greater than 6 there is NO SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE between CONTROL and TREATMENT at the 0.05 level.

Fisher's Exact Test			
Identification	Alive	Dead	Total Animals
Control	10	0	10
6 %	9	1	10
Total	19	1	20

Critical Fisher's value (10,10,10) (alpha=0.05) is 6. b value is 9. Since b is greater than 6 there is NO SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE between CONTROL and TREATMENT at the 0.05 level.

Fisher's Exact Test			
Identification	Alive	Dead	Total Animals
Control	10	0	10
8 %	10	0	10
Total	20	0	20

Critical Fisher's value (10,10,10) (alpha=0.05) is 6. b value is 10. Since b is greater than 6 there is NO SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE between CONTROL and TREATMENT at the 0.05 level.

Appendix A2: Statistics

*Ceriodaphnia dubia* Survival

Fisher's Exact Test			
Identification	Alive	Dead	Total Animals
Control	10	0	10
10 %	8	2	10
Total	18	2	20

Critical Fisher's value (10,10,10) (alpha=0.05) is 6. b value is 8. Since b is greater than 6 there is NO SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE between CONTROL and TREATMENT at the 0.05 level.

Summary of Fisher's Exact Test				
Group	Identification	Exposed	Dead	Sig 0.05
0	Control	10	0	
1	3 %	10	0	
2	5 %	10	0	
3	6 %	10	1	
4	8 %	10	0	
5	10 %	10	2	

Appendix A2: Statistics

*Ceriodaphnia dubia* Reproduction

Kolmogorov Test for Normality	No Transformation
<p>D = 0.1443 D* = 1.132 Critical D* = 1.035 (alpha = 0.01, N = 60)</p> <p>Data FAIL normality test (alpha = 0.01).</p>	

Steel's Many-One Rank Test				No Transformation	
Ho:Control<Treatment					
Group	Identification	Rank Sum	Critical Value	DF	Sig 0.05
1	Control				
2	3 %	122.00	75.00	10.00	
3	5 %	143.00	75.00	10.00	
4	6 %	130.50	75.00	10.00	
5	8 %	148.00	75.00	10.00	
6	10 %	128.00	75.00	10.00	
Critical values are 1 tailed (k=5)					

Appendix A2: Statistics

*Ceriodaphnia dubia* Reproduction

Dunnett's Test for PMSD Calculation

ANOVA Table				No Transformation	
SOURCE	DF	SS	MS	F	
Between	5	515.5	103.1	2.348	
Within (Error)	54	2371	43.91		
Total	59	2886			
Critical F = 3.38 (alpha = 0.01, df = 5,54) 2.38 (alpha = 0.05, df = 5,54)					
Since F < Critical F FAIL TO REJECT Ho: All equal (alpha = 0.05)					

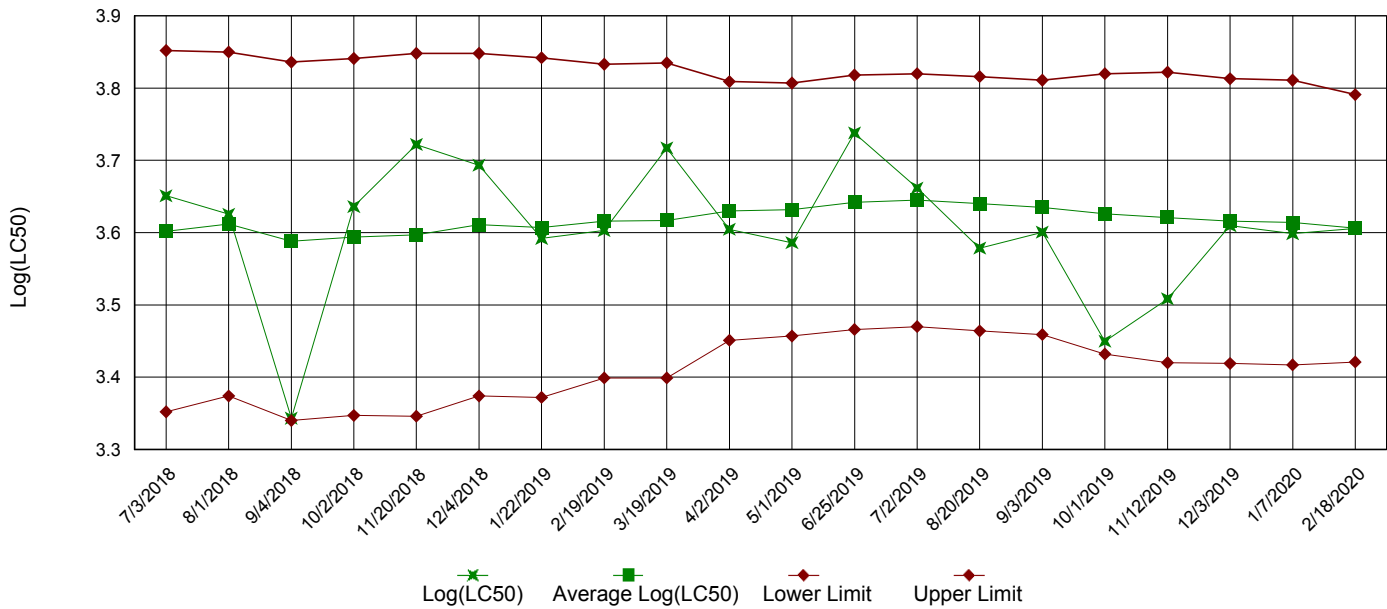
Dunnett's Test - Table 1 of 2					No Transformation	
Ho:Control<Treatment						
Group	Identification	Transformed Mean	Mean In Original Units	T Stat	Sig 0.05	
1	Control	19.2	19.2			
2	3 %	22.7	22.7	-1.181		
3	5 %	25.9	25.9	-2.261		
4	6 %	22.4	22.4	-1.08		
5	8 %	27.8	27.8	-2.902		
6	10 %	20.7	20.7	-0.5062		
Dunnett's critical value = 2.31 (1 Tailed, alpha = 0.05, df [used] = 5,40) (Actual df = 5,54)						

Dunnett's Test - Table 2 of 2					No Transformation	
Ho:Control<Treatment						
Group	Identification	Num of Reps	Min Sig Diff (In Orig. Units)	% of Control	Difference From Control	
1	Control	10				
2	3 %	10	6.846	35.7	-3.5	
3	5 %	10	6.846	35.7	-6.7	
4	6 %	10	6.846	35.7	-3.2	
5	8 %	10	6.846	35.7	-8.6	
6	10 %	10	6.846	35.7	-1.5	

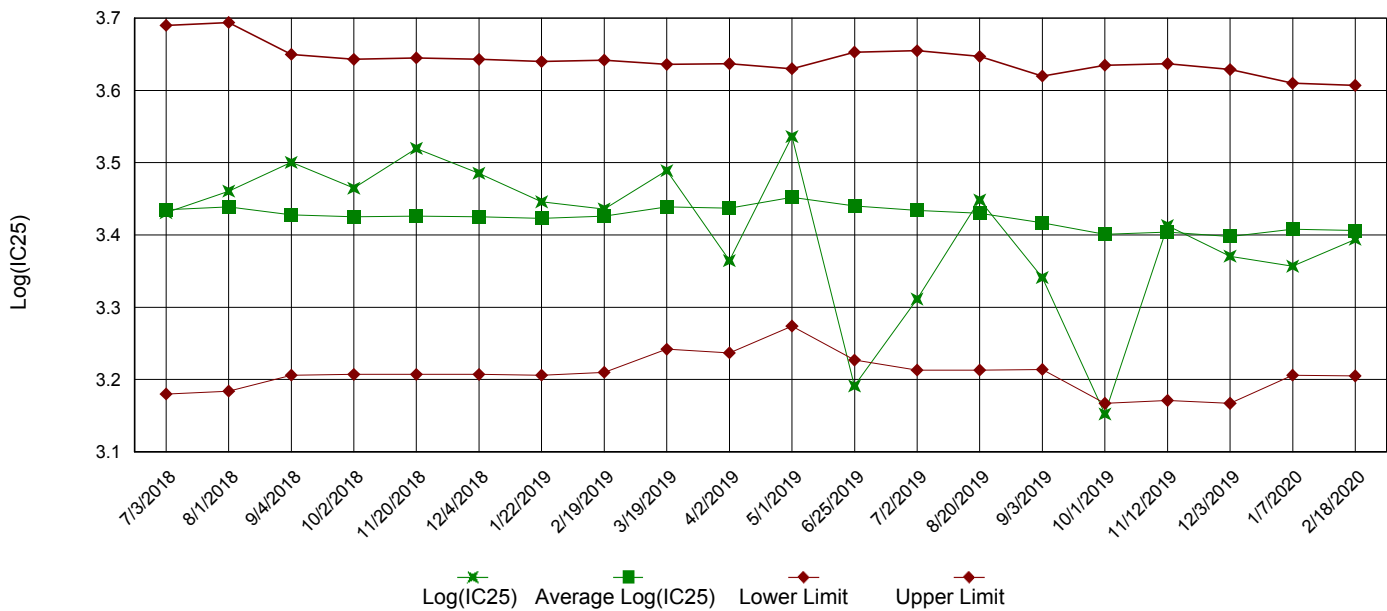
Appendix A3: Test 1000.0

Chronic Reference Toxicant, *Pimephales promelas* (Fathead Minnow)

LC50 Survival Data

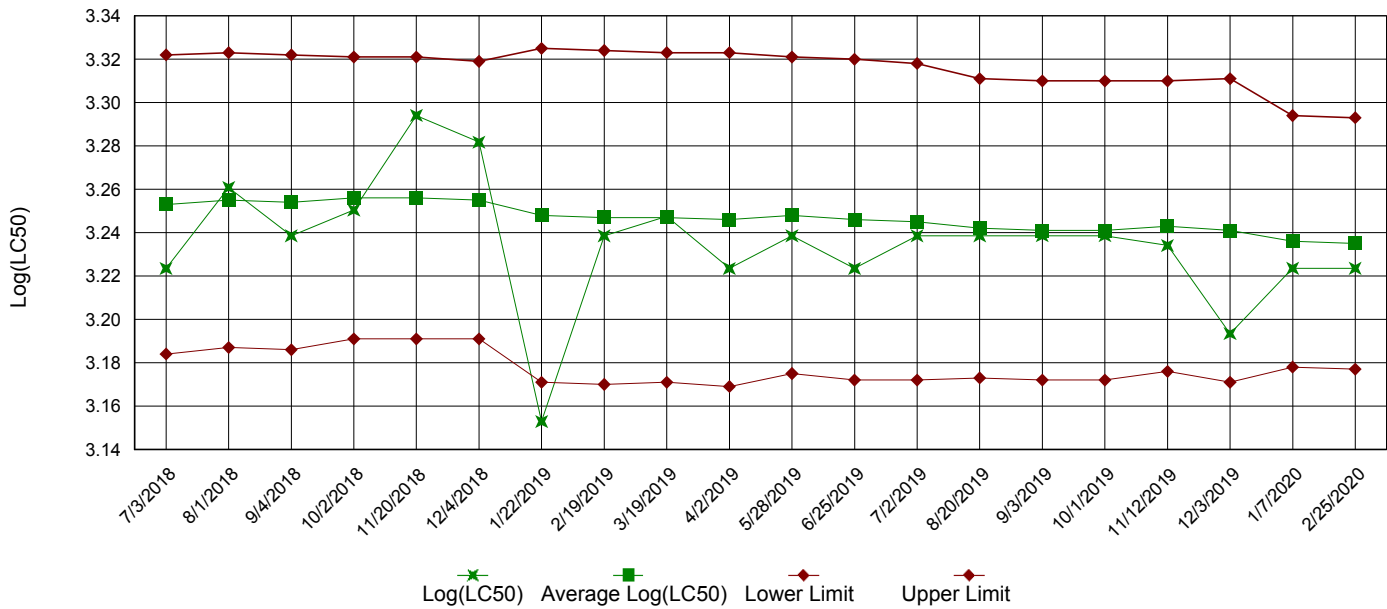


IC25 Growth Data

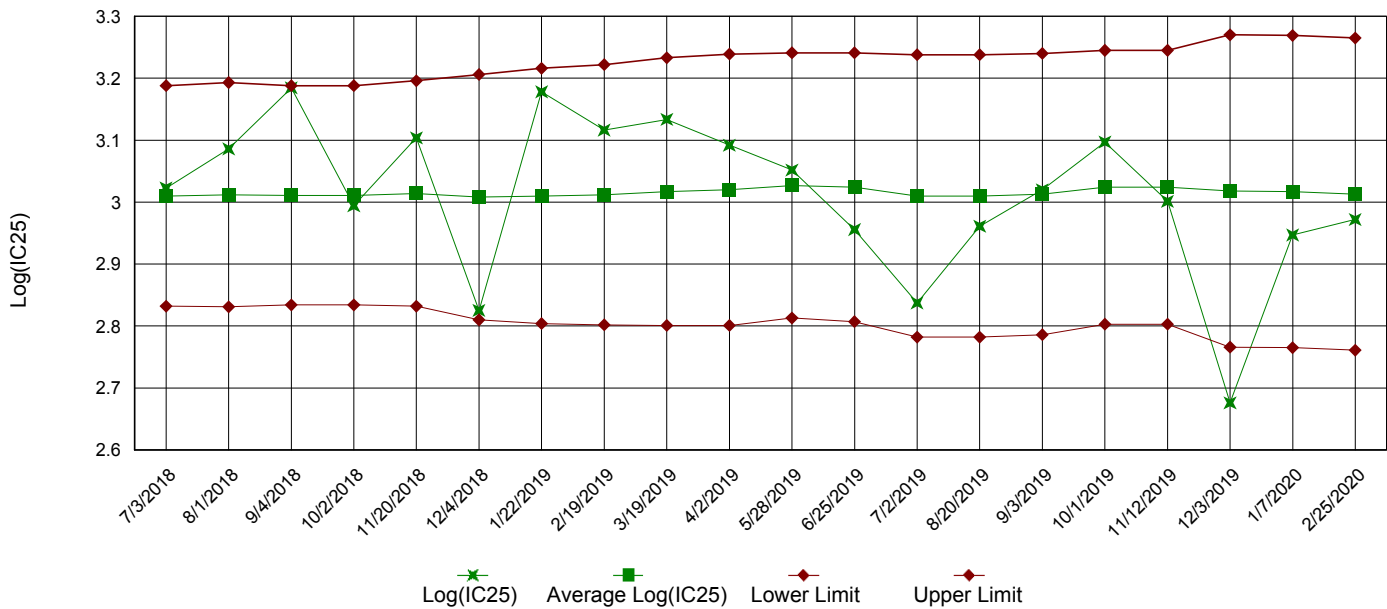


Appendix A3: Test 1002.0  
Chronic Reference Toxicant, *Ceriodaphnia dubia*

LC50 Survival Data



IC25 Reproduction Data



Appendix B: Test 1000.0  
SUMMARY REPORTING FORMS  
CHRONIC BIOMONITORING  
*Pimephales promelas* (Fathead Minnow)  
SURVIVAL AND GROWTH

Permittee: Heber Springs Water & Sewer

NPDES No.: NPDES Permit AR0022381 AFIN 12-00029

Date and Time Test Initiated: March 10, 2020 at 1400

Date and Time Test Terminated: March 17, 2020 at 1430

Dilution water used: Soft

DATA TABLE FOR SURVIVAL

Effluent Conc. %	Percent Survival in replicate chambers					Mean percent survival			CV%
	A	B	C	D	E	24 hr	48 hr	7 days	
Control	100	87.5	100	100	87.5	100	100	95.0	7.21
3 %	100	87.5	75.0	100	87.5	100	100	90.0	11.6
5 %	87.5	100	100	75.0	100	100	100	92.5	12.1
6 %	100	100	100	87.5	100	100	100	97.5	5.73
8 %	100	87.5	87.5	87.5	100	100	100	92.5	7.40
10 %	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	0.00

DATA TABLE FOR GROWTH

Effluent Conc. %	Average dry weight, mg replicate chambers					Mean dry weight, mg	CV%
	A	B	C	D	E		
Control	0.451	0.336	0.368	0.459	0.315	0.386	17.1
3 %	0.394	0.344	0.319	0.436	0.395	0.378	12.2
5 %	0.368	0.365	0.440	0.360	0.420	0.391	9.41
6 %	0.381	0.329	0.346	0.301	0.376	0.347	9.61
8 %	0.461	0.402	0.358	0.320	0.435	0.395	14.4
10 %	0.429	0.436	0.395	0.449	0.466	0.435	6.08

CV = Coefficient of variation = standard deviation \* 100 / mean



Appendix B: Test 1000.0  
SUMMARY REPORTING FORMS  
CHRONIC BIOMONITORING  
*Pimephales promelas* (Fathead Minnow)  
SURVIVAL AND GROWTH

1. Steel's Many-One Rank Test:

Is the mean survival significantly different ( $p=0.05$ ) than the control survival for the % effluent corresponding to (lethality):

a.) LOW FLOW OR CRITICAL DILUTION	(8 %)	<u>      </u> YES	<u>  X  </u> NO
b.) 1/2 LOW FLOW DILUTION	(NA)	<u>      </u> YES	<u>      </u> NO

2. Dunnett's Test:

Is the mean dry weight (growth) significantly different ( $p=0.05$ ) than the control's dry weight (growth) for the % effluent corresponding to (significant non-lethal effects):

a.) LOW FLOW OR CRITICAL DILUTION	(8 %)	<u>      </u> YES	<u>  X  </u> NO
b.) 1/2 LOW FLOW DILUTION	(NA)	<u>      </u> YES	<u>      </u> NO

3. If you answered NO to 1.a) enter [0] otherwise enter [1]:   0   (TLP6C)
4. If you answered NO to 2.a) enter [0] otherwise enter [1]:   0   (TGP6C)
5. NOEC *Pimephales* Lethality:  10 %  (TOP6C)
6. LOEC *Pimephales* Lethality:  10 %  (TXP6C)
7. NOEC *Pimephales* Sublethality:  10 %  (TPP6C)
8. LOEC *Pimephales* Sublethality:  10 %  (TYP6C)
9. Coefficient of variation for *Pimephales* growth:  17.1  (TQP6C)

Appendix B: Test 1000.0  
CHRONIC TOXICITY SUMMARY FORM  
*Pimephales promelas* (Fathead minnow)  
CHEMICAL PARAMETERS CHART

PERMITTEE: Heber Springs Water & Sewer  
NPDES NO.: NPDES Permit AR0022381 AFIN  
CONTACT: Mr. Paul Graham  
ANALYST: 280, 310, 343, 345

Test Initiated: DATE: March 10, 2020 TIME: 1400  
Test Terminated: DATE: March 17, 2020 TIME: 1430

DILUTION Control	DAY						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
D.O. Initial	7.4	7.5	7.5	7.2	7.4	8.0	7.3
Final	6.6	5.7	6.1	5.7	7.7	6.0	6.7
pH Initial	7.6	8.0	7.6	8.0	8.0	8.1	7.8
Final	7.7	7.4	7.6	7.5	8.0	7.5	7.6

DILUTION 3 %	DAY						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
D.O. Initial	7.8	7.5	7.5	7.1	7.1	8.1	8.1
Final	6.5	4.6	5.8	5.8	7.7	6.2	5.7
pH Initial	7.5	8.1	7.7	7.8	7.8	7.9	7.8
Final	7.6	7.2	7.4	7.4	7.9	7.4	7.4

DILUTION 5 %	DAY						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
D.O. Initial	8.0	7.7	7.7	7.0	7.2	8.1	8.1
Final	6.7	4.7	5.9	6.2	7.8	6.4	5.9
pH Initial	7.6	8.1	7.6	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.7
Final	7.6	7.2	7.4	7.4	7.8	7.4	7.4

DILUTION 6 %	DAY						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
D.O. Initial	7.5	7.5	7.9	7.3	7.5	8.2	7.8
Final	6.6	4.5	5.8	6.4	7.6	5.7	5.6
pH Initial	7.5	8.2	7.7	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.7
Final	7.6	7.1	7.3	7.4	7.8	7.4	7.4

DILUTION 8 %	DAY						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
D.O. Initial	7.5	7.4	7.6	7.2	7.3	7.6	7.9
Final	6.5	4.9	5.8	6.1	7.8	6.6	6.0
pH Initial	7.5	8.2	7.6	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.7
Final	7.6	7.2	7.3	7.4	7.8	7.5	7.4

DILUTION 10 %	DAY						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
D.O. Initial	7.9	7.6	7.5	7.2	7.7	8.1	8.0
Final	6.7	4.6	5.8	6.0	7.8	6.6	5.8
pH Initial	7.5	8.1	7.6	7.7	7.8	7.9	7.7
Final	7.6	7.1	7.4	7.5	7.8	7.4	7.4

Alkalinity	Hardness	Conductivity	Chlorine	Sample ID
41	27	180	0.050	Outfall 002A Effl H.S. WWTP 10-MAR-20
44	28	180	0.060	Outfall 002A Effl H.S. WWTP 11-MAR-20
42	29	200	<0.05	Outfall 002A Effl H.S. WWTP 13-MAR-20

Alkalinity	Hardness	Conductivity	Chlorine	Sample ID
31	41	160	<0.05	242962-1

Appendix B: Test 1002.0  
SUMMARY REPORTING FORMS  
CHRONIC BIOMONITORING  
*Ceriodaphnia dubia*  
SURVIVAL AND REPRODUCTION

Permittee: Heber Springs Water & Sewer

NPDES No.: NPDES Permit AR0022381 AFIN 12-00029

Date and Time Test Initiated: March 10, 2020 at 1335

Date and Time Test Terminated: March 17, 2020 at 1532

Dilution water used: Soft

PERCENT SURVIVAL

Time of Reading	Control	Percent Effluent				
		3 %	5 %	6 %	8 %	10 %
24 hour	100	100	100	100	100	100
48 hour	100	100	100	100	100	90.0
7 day	100	100	100	90.0	100	80.0

NUMBER OF YOUNG PRODUCED PER FEMALE @ 7 DAYS

Replicates	Control	Percent Effluent				
		3 %	5 %	6 %	8 %	10 %
A	19	24	22	28	31	28
B	13	29	28	21	29	29
C	15	26	26	26	26	26
D	14	21	30	26	28	24
E	23	20	27	25	30	26
F	13	22	26	28	30	27
G	23	24	25	28	25	0
H	26	19	28	28	28	24
I	24	22	28	14	32	0
J	22	20	19	0	19	23
Mean per Adult	19.2	22.7	25.9	22.4	27.8	20.7
Mean per Surviving Adult	19.2	22.7	25.9	24.9	27.8	25.9
CV %	26.2	13.6	12.5	18.8	13.5	8.12

CV = Coefficient of variation = standard deviation \* 100 / mean  
(calculated based on young produced by surviving females)

Appendix B: Test 1002.0  
SUMMARY REPORTING FORMS  
CHRONIC BIOMONITORING  
*Ceriodaphnia dubia*  
SURVIVAL AND REPRODUCTION

1. Fisher's Exact Test:

Is the mean survival significantly different ( $p=0.05$ ) than the control survival for the % effluent corresponding to (lethality):

a.) LOW FLOW OR CRITICAL DILUTION	(8 %)	<u>      </u> YES	<u>  X  </u> NO
b.) 1/2 LOW FLOW DILUTION	(NA)	<u>      </u> YES	<u>      </u> NO

2. Steel's Many-One Rank Test:

Is the mean number of young produced per female significantly different ( $p=0.05$ ) than the control's number of young per female for the % effluent corresponding to (significant non-lethal effects):

a.) LOW FLOW OR CRITICAL DILUTION	(8 %)	<u>      </u> YES	<u>  X  </u> NO
b.) 1/2 LOW FLOW DILUTION	(NA)	<u>      </u> YES	<u>      </u> NO

3. If you answered NO to 1.a) enter [0] otherwise enter [1]:   0   (TLP3B)

4. If you answered NO to 2.a) enter [0] otherwise enter [1]:   0   (TGP3B)

5. NOEC Ceriodaphnia Lethality:   10 %   (TOP3B)

6. LOEC Ceriodaphnia Lethality:   10 %   (TXP3B)

7. NOEC Ceriodaphnia Sublethality:   10 %   (TPP3B)

8. LOEC Ceriodaphnia Sublethality:   10 %   (TYP3B)

9. Coefficient of variation for Ceriodaphnia Reproduction:   26.2   (TQP3B)

Appendix B: Test 1002.0  
 CHRONIC TOXICITY SUMMARY FORM  
*Ceriodaphnia dubia*  
 CHEMICAL PARAMETERS CHART

PERMITTEE: Heber Springs Water & Sewer  
 NPDES NO.: NPDES Permit AR0022381 AFIN  
 CONTACT: Mr. Paul Graham  
 ANALYST: 280, 310, 343, 345

Test Initiated: DATE: March 10, 2020 TIME: 1335  
 Test Terminated: DATE: March 17, 2020 TIME: 1532

DILUTION	DAY						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Control							
D.O. Initial	7.4	7.5	7.5	7.2	7.4	8.0	7.3
Final	7.0	7.4	7.6	7.7	7.7	7.5	7.2
pH Initial	7.6	8.0	7.6	8.0	8.0	8.1	7.8
Final	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.2	8.0	7.9	7.8

DILUTION	DAY						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
3 %							
D.O. Initial	7.8	7.5	7.5	7.1	7.1	8.1	8.1
Final	7.0	7.2	7.2	7.5	7.3	7.5	7.2
pH Initial	7.5	8.1	7.7	7.8	7.8	7.9	7.8
Final	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.2	8.0	7.9	7.9

DILUTION	DAY						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
5 %							
D.O. Initial	8.0	7.7	7.7	7.0	7.2	8.1	8.1
Final	7.0	7.2	7.2	7.9	7.4	8.0	7.4
pH Initial	7.6	8.1	7.6	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.7
Final	8.0	8.0	7.9	8.1	7.9	7.9	7.9

DILUTION	DAY						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
6 %							
D.O. Initial	7.5	7.5	7.9	7.3	7.5	8.2	7.8
Final	7.0	7.2	7.2	8.0	7.2	8.0	7.0
pH Initial	7.5	8.2	7.7	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.7
Final	8.0	7.9	7.9	8.1	7.9	7.9	7.9

DILUTION	DAY						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8 %							
D.O. Initial	7.5	7.4	7.6	7.2	7.3	7.6	7.9
Final	7.0	7.2	7.5	7.7	7.5	7.8	7.1
pH Initial	7.5	8.2	7.6	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.7
Final	8.0	7.9	7.9	8.1	7.9	7.9	7.8

DILUTION	DAY						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
10 %							
D.O. Initial	7.9	7.6	7.5	7.2	7.7	8.1	8.0
Final	6.9	7.2	7.3	7.4	7.2	7.5	7.2
pH Initial	7.5	8.1	7.6	7.7	7.8	7.9	7.7
Final	8.0	7.9	7.9	8.2	7.9	7.9	7.8

Alkalinity	Hardness	Conductivity	Chlorine	Sample ID
41	27	180	0.050	Outfall 002A Effl H.S. WWTP 10-MAR-20
44	28	180	0.060	Outfall 002A Effl H.S. WWTP 11-MAR-20
42	29	200	<0.05	Outfall 002A Effl H.S. WWTP 13-MAR-20

Alkalinity	Hardness	Conductivity	Chlorine	Sample ID
31	41	160	<0.05	242962-1





